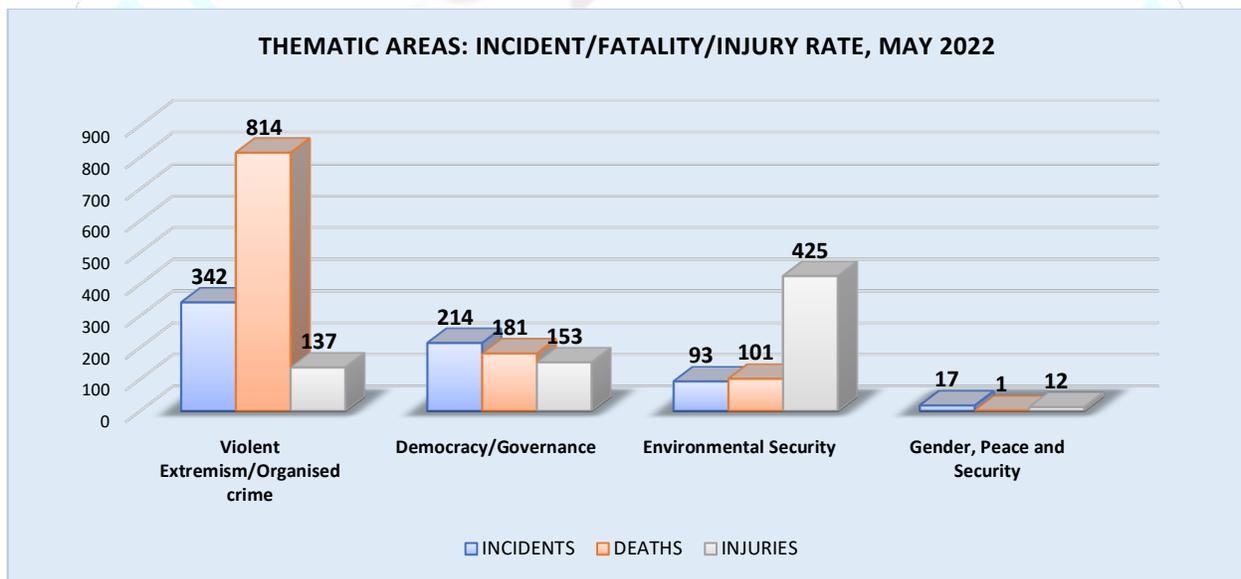




### I. INTRODUCTION

As of May 2022, 666 incidents were recorded in the *Monthly Conflict Census* from the WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS).<sup>1</sup> A cumulative fatality of 1,097 and 727 injuries/infected cases emanating from criminal attacks, road accidents and incidents of environmental security including Lassa Fever, Monkey Pox and COVID-19 were recorded in May 2022<sup>2</sup>.

As shown in the thematic graph below, Violent Extremism and Organised Crime recorded a total fatality of 814 people, accounting for the highest fatality of the total number of fatalities (1,097) in the reporting period, while Democracy and Governance theme recorded 181 deaths<sup>3</sup>. Also, Environmental Security theme recorded 101 deaths and Gender, Peace and Security thematic area recorded one (1) fatality in the reporting period.<sup>4</sup> (see annex for the monthly census).



Source: WANEP-NEWS<sup>5</sup>.

The *Monthly Bulletin* presents an analysis of the security challenges identified from monitoring trends of incidents through the WANEP NEWS and the mass media. It also offers recommendations for stakeholders' interventions and mitigation.

<sup>1</sup> Source: WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>2</sup> Ibid.

<sup>3</sup> Ibid.

<sup>4</sup> Source: WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>5</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

## 2. ORGANISED CRIME AND VIOLENT EXTREMISM

Communities in Borno State and around the fringes of Lake Chad in the North-East Region of Nigeria continue to witness terror attacks by Boko Haram and ISWAP armed groups. As such, the Governor of Kaduna State, Nasir El-Rufai, has raised the alarm over the suspected presence of Ansaru terrorist group perpetuating criminality in Birnin-Gwari and Giwa LGAs of the State.<sup>6</sup> An additional threat posed by the terrorist group is the massive recruitment of young people in vulnerable communities of Kaduna and Niger States, while also seeking to offer protection to local communities against bandits' invasion<sup>7</sup>. The terror groups have further gained prominence among the locals due to the dearth in security presence.

The reporting month recorded incidents of arson, supremacy tussle between terrorist groups, bomb explosions and raids by suspected Boko Haram/ISWAP terrorists, which resulted in the death of 78 people including 3 police officers in the communities of Chibok, Biu, Kaga, Gwoza, Konduga, Dikwa, Hawul Abadam and Damboa LGAs of Borno State as recorded in the WANEP NEWS<sup>8</sup>. In addition to the recorded fatalities, over 124 Boko Haram/ISWAP terrorists were killed during counter offensive operations<sup>9</sup>.

Several gains were recorded during security clearance operations by the Multinational Joint Task Force (MNJTF). These include the surrender of 1,727 Boko Haram terrorists and their families (922 children, 474 women and 331 men), arrest of terrorists and their informants, rescue of 63 kidnapped victims as well as the recovery of arms and ammunition in the reporting period<sup>10</sup>.

Furthermore, **organised crimes** including banditry, kidnapping, arms/human/drug trafficking, farmer/herder conflicts and the activities of separatist' groups (IPOB), amongst other crimes, have incessantly increased State fragility and threatened human security in the country. In the reporting month, 612 people (including 40 security officers, 17 females and 13 children) were killed, according to WANEP NEWS<sup>11</sup>. Out of the recorded fatalities under the Organised Crime theme, **shoot-outs between security operatives and criminal gangs** resulted in the death of 103 criminal suspects in Benue, Imo, Abia, Anambra, Sokoto, Edo, Delta, Niger, Kaduna, Adamawa, Ebonyi and Taraba States<sup>12</sup>.

Also, threat of armed banditry remains rife across States in the North-West region with some local communities subjected to taxation known as 'peace levy' by bandit's groups in exchange for protection and access to farm activities. Moreover, the consequences of a default by communities in the payment of levies often resulted in armed attacks, kidnapping and possible eviction of community residents from their farms as witnessed in Kairu Community of Bukuyyum LGA in Zamfara State<sup>13</sup>. Amid the frequent attacks by bandits and other criminal

<sup>6</sup> Ansaru is an arm of Boko Haram and the Islamic State of West African Province (ISWAP), which had been terrorising the North-East States of Borno, Yobe and Adamawa;

<https://www.vanguardngr.com/2022/05/el-rufai-raises-alarm-over-presence-of-boko-haram-iswap-in-kaduna/>

<sup>7</sup> <https://dailytrust.com/ansaru-in-massive-recruitment-in-kaduna-distributes-sallah-gifts>

<sup>8</sup> Source: WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>9</sup> *ibid*

<sup>10</sup> <https://www.premiumtimesng.com/news/headlines/531221-troops-kill-42-terrorists-capture-20-rescue-63-victims-in-north-east-dhq.html>;

<https://dailypost.ng/2022/06/02/boko-haram-iswap-nigerian-troops-eliminate-14-terrorists-rescue-100-family-members/>

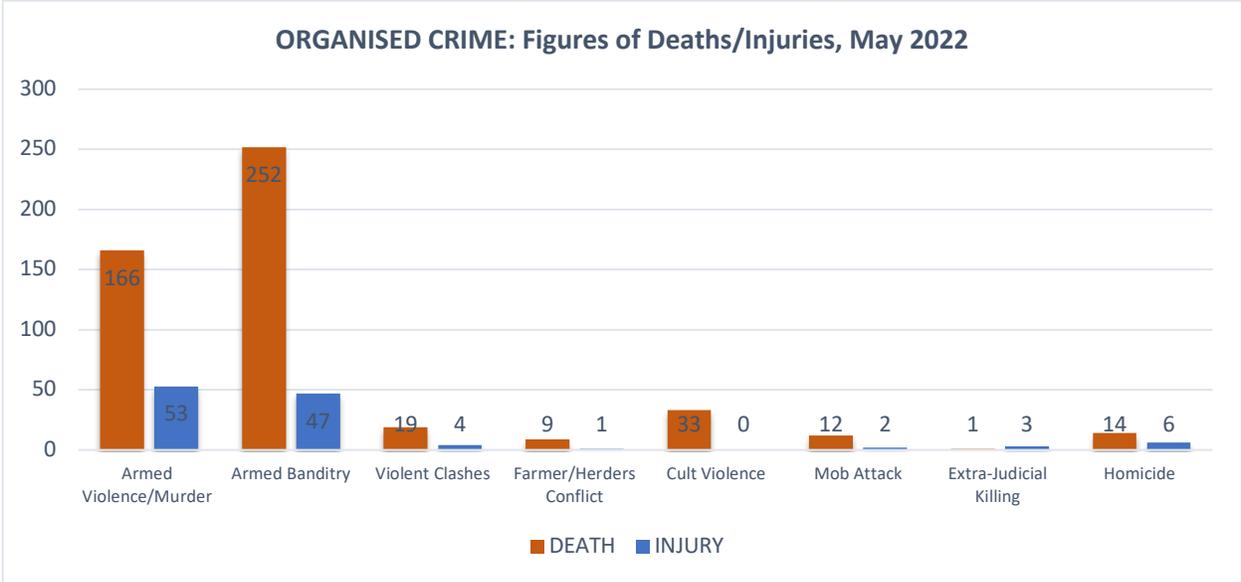
<sup>11</sup> Source: WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>12</sup> *ibid*

<sup>13</sup> <http://saharareporters.com/2022/05/23/terrorists-sack-villagers-farmlands-failing-raise-n30million-levy-zamfara>

gangs, the Nigerian Army recorded considerable gains with over 706 Small Arms and Light Weapons (SALW) recovered during security clearance operations in Katsina, Zamfara, Sokoto and Kebbi States<sup>14</sup>. 252 fatalities emanating from armed banditry attacks in Zamfara, Sokoto, Katsina, Kaduna, Niger and Taraba States were recorded, thus accounting for the highest fatality from a single security threat<sup>15</sup>. **Armed violence/murder** arising from robbery, kidnapping and the activities of separatist' group in the South-East -Indigenous People of Biafra (IPOB) accounted for the second highest fatality with 166 civilian and security casualties<sup>16</sup>. Other security challenges including **cult-related violence, culpable homicide and mob-attack** resulted in the death of 33, 14 and 12 people respectively, while **farmer-herder conflicts/premeditated attacks** by armed herders led to the death of 9 people in Oyo, Benue, Ebonyi and Enugu States. In addition to the aforementioned fatalities, **violent clashes** between hoodlums, community youths/traders/commercial motorcycle riders and security operatives in Lagos, Bauchi, Abuja-FCT, Kwara and Adamawa States resulted in the death of 19 people including a military operative.

Below the graphical illustration of the statistics of fatalities and injuries recorded across incidents of organised crime in May 2022.



Source: WANEP-NEWS<sup>17</sup>.

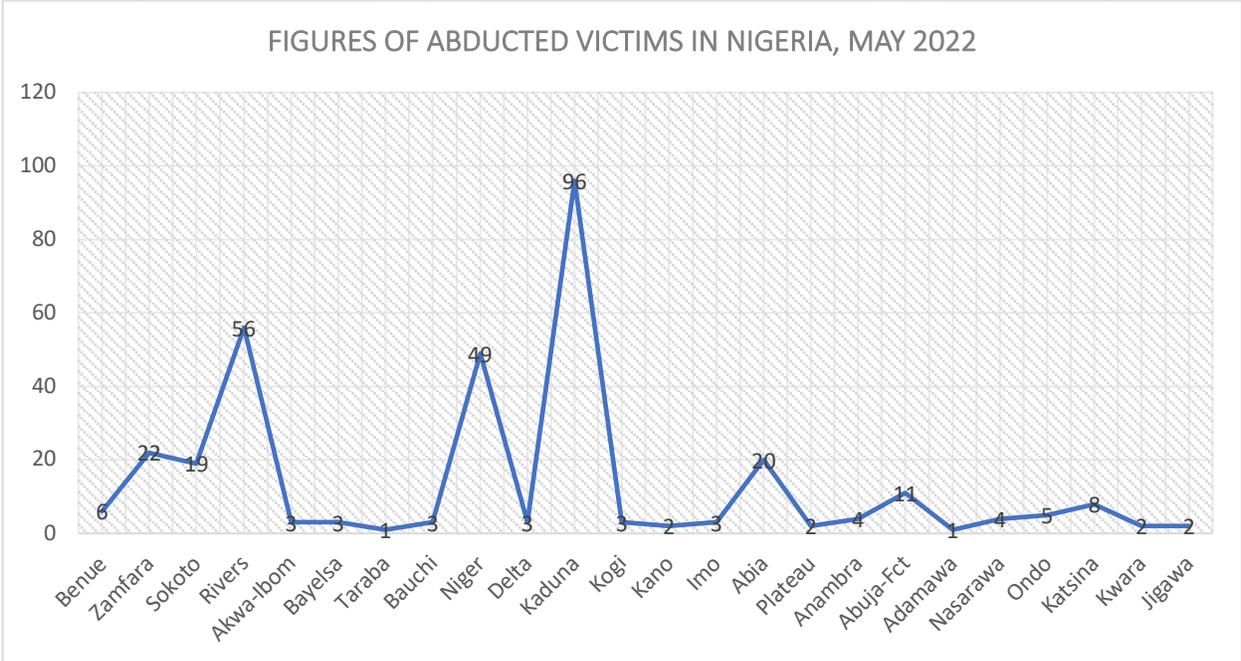
Communal violence stemming from competition for increasingly scarce land and resources particularly encroachment into farmlands also threaten social cohesion of vulnerable communities. In most cases, conflicting communities form alliances along ethnic and religious lines to mobilise and attack. This further increases the risk of ethno-religious violence in the

<sup>14</sup> <https://dailytrust.com/706-weapons-recovered-from-bandits-in-north-west-army>  
<sup>15</sup> Source: WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : www.wanep.org/news/  
<sup>16</sup> ibid  
<sup>17</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : www.wanep.org/news/

affected communities. An estimated 41 people were reported dead in Cross River, Oyo and Gombe States with rising tension in Osun and Niger States<sup>18</sup>.

The frequency in kidnapping for ransom by various criminal groups remains a major critical human security concern in the country. Current trends in kidnapping incidents in Nigeria continue to show an expansion in the location and pool of potential targets regardless of victims’ social class or economic status.<sup>19</sup> The WANEP NEWS documented 61 incidents of kidnapping across 24 States with over 328 recorded victims. Out of the 328 victims, 22 females, 22 children and one military officer were abducted<sup>20</sup>.

The graph below highlights the statistics of kidnapped victims across the affected States in the reporting period.



Source: WANEP-NEWS<sup>21</sup>.

The NEWS also recorded several incidents of arrest in 76 incidents across States in the reporting period.<sup>30</sup> The arrest in the month cuts across several cases cult violence, cattle rustling, election violence, cyber-crime/fraud, murder, robbery, sexual and gender-based violence, human and drug trafficking, arms trafficking, amongst other crimes.

**3. DEMOCRACY AND GOVERNANCE:**

Amid the uncertainty generated by the widespread insecurity in the country, political parties conducted their internal primary elections to elect flag-bearers for various political offices ahead of the 2023 general elections. However, most primary elections were fraught with cases of violent attacks, thuggery, vote-buying, withdrawal of political party aspirants, physical

<sup>18</sup> Ibid.  
<sup>19</sup> <https://www.cfr.org/blog/kidnapping-nigeria-growth-industry>  
<sup>20</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news](http://www.wanep.org/news)  
<sup>21</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

assaults and demonstrations aimed at influencing the outcome of the elections. The Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) National Chairman, Professor Mahmood Yakuba, has described monetization in the primary elections as inimical for election and anti-democratic<sup>22</sup>. Incidents of election-related violence, as recorded by WANEP NEWS resulted in a total of 20 fatalities and 60 injuries in Bayelsa, Akwa-Ibom, Cross-River, Kano, Gombe, Osun, Ekiti, Ondo, Lagos, Borno and Rivers States. Amongst the affected victims were police officers and journalists.

The South-East region remains vulnerable to incidents of killings and arson by suspected members of the Indigenous People of Biafra (IPOB), agitating for a separate Biafra nation and the release of their IPOB leader, Nnamdi Kanu, in the custody of the Federal Government. The Nigerian Government has attributed attacks in the region to the proscribed IPOB. However, the group has repeatedly denied their involvement in violent crimes in the region<sup>23</sup>, and rather associated the series of attacks to unknown criminal groups across the South-East States.

The WANEP NEWS recorded 60 incidents of public demonstrations, out of which 5 resulted in violence in Sokoto, Borno, Bauchi, Kogi and Abuja-FCT. The violent demonstrations which originated from alleged incidents of blasphemy resulted in one (1) death and 3 injuries in Bauchi and Sokoto States, while military operatives quelled the rising tension in Borno State over similar incident.<sup>24</sup> Additionally, a critical analysis on the classification of peaceful demonstrations were related to dissatisfaction of political party members in Abia, Anambra, Abuja-FCT, Ekiti, Kwara, Kogi, Ogun, Nasarawa States, while students and members of Civil Society Organisations (CSOs) also protested in solidarity with the ongoing strike by the Academic Staff Union of Universities (ASUU) in Edo, Kwara, Osun, Enugu, Abia, Ondo and Oyo States, amongst other States, demanding immediate resolution of the crisis between ASUU and the Nigerian government. Nevertheless, in the reporting month, the Academic Staff Union of Universities (ASUU) extended the strike by an additional 3-months to resolve the protracted issues with the Federal Government<sup>25</sup>.

The killing of a female student in Sokoto State over alleged blasphemy by Muslim fundamentalists generated widespread reactions, as members of the Christian community in Kaduna, Benue, Plateau, Osun, Sokoto, and Abuja-FCT conducted series of peaceful protest as recorded in WANEP NEWS<sup>26</sup>. Similarly, the mob violence conducted by commercial motorcycle riders in Lagos State led to the pronouncement of a ban on commercial motorcycle operation across six (6) LGAs of the State by the Lagos State Government<sup>27</sup>.

Other recorded peaceful demonstrations included issues of recurring criminality in Ekiti and Abia States; alleged neglect by the Federal and State Government of communities ravaged by coastal erosion in Bayelsa State; non-payment of the pension allowance of government workers in Abia State and ex-military men who fought for the Nigerian Government during the Nigeria-Biafran War; as well as the degradation of farmlands due to illegal mining activities in

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<sup>22</sup> <https://www.vanguardngr.com/2022/05/ekiti-2022-your-votes-will-count-yakubu-assures-electorate/>

<sup>23</sup> <https://www.premiumtimesng.com/news/headlines/534743-gunmen-attack-enugu-community-kill-two-police-officers.html>

<sup>24</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>25</sup> <https://www.premiumtimesng.com/news/headlines/528565-just-in-asuu-extends-strike-by-three-months-as-students-protest-nationwide.html>

<sup>26</sup> Ibid.

<sup>27</sup> <https://www.premiumtimesng.com/regional/ssouth-west/531194-okada-ban-taskforce-can-seize-motorcycles-before-june-1-deadline-lagos-govt.html>

Benue State<sup>28</sup>, amongst others. Persistence of protests, strikes and demonstrations are symptomatic of weaknesses in existing social contract between state and citizens. This has potential to adversely affect social cohesion and stability in the country.

Road/Boat accidents accounted for a fatality of over 112 people and 59 injuries across States in the country<sup>29</sup>. The multiple risk factors attributed to road/boat accidents include; non-use of life jackets, overloading of vehicles, fatigue and bad roads arising from poor maintenance culture, amongst others.

**4. ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY:**

The month of May recorded zero fatality and 347 confirmed COVID-19 cases in the country. Although no recorded death, the reporting period documented an increase in infected COVID-19 cases from 298 in April to 347 in May 2022<sup>30</sup>. In addition to the outbreak of Lassa Fever, several other health challenges including Measles and Monkey Pox were reported in the country.

According to the Nigeria Centre for Disease Control (NCDC), 14 children were reported dead and 414 confirmed cases of measles across Anambra East, Anambra West, Ayamelum, Ihiala, Idemili North, Nnewi North, Onitsha North, Njikoka, and Oyi LGAs in Anambra State in March 2022<sup>31</sup>; while 15 cases of Monkey Pox were confirmed between January 1 and April 30, 2022 in Adamawa, Lagos, Kano, Delta, Imo, Cross River and Abuja-FCT<sup>32</sup>. The reporting month of May 2022 recorded an additional 20 suspected cases of Monkey Pox, out of which 6 were confirmed positive in Bayelsa (2), Adamawa (2), Lagos (1) and Rivers (1) States<sup>33</sup>.

The table below highlights the statistics per health challenges in the month, as recorded in WANEP NEWS<sup>34</sup>.

EPIDEMICS	Deaths	Confirmed Cases	Suspected Cases
Lassa Fever	2	6	191
Coronavirus (COVID-19)	-	347	-
Monkey Pox in Lagos, Bayelsa, Adamawa, Rivers, Niger, Abuja-FCT, Delta, Oyo, Kaduna, Edo, Gombe <sup>35</sup>		6	14

The graph below highlights the upward and downward trend of fatalities, infected, discharged COVID-19 cases in May 2022 compared to April 2022.

<sup>28</sup> <https://www.premiumtimesng.com/news/top-news/533623-coal-mining-stirs-womens-protest-in-benue-community.html>

<sup>29</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>30</sup> [ncdc.gov.ng](http://ncdc.gov.ng)

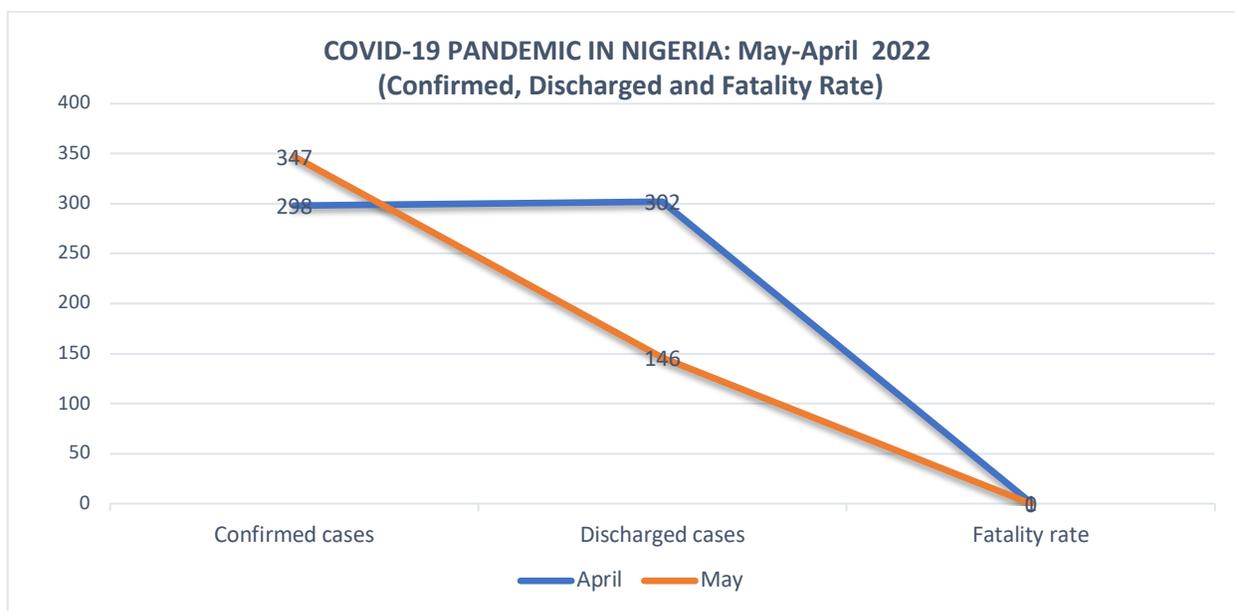
<sup>31</sup> <https://dailytrust.com/measles-kills-14-children-in-anambra>

<sup>32</sup> <https://punchng.com/lagos-adamawa-lead-as-ncdc-confirms-15-monkeypox-cases/>

<sup>33</sup> <https://dailytrust.com/ncdc-confirms-66-suspected-monkeypox-cases-1-death>

<sup>34</sup>Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>35</sup> <https://dailytrust.com/ncdc-confirms-66-suspected-monkeypox-cases-1-death>



Source: WANEP-NEWS<sup>36</sup>.

To mitigate the spread of diseases, the NCDC continues to enhance its National Multisectoral Emergency Operations Centre to coordinate ongoing response activities in the country. Also, risk communications and community engagement activities have been scaled up across States using television, radio, print and social media to disseminate health information. In the reporting period, 26,887,802 million people have been vaccinated, out of which 18,728,188 have been fully vaccinated with COVID-19 vaccines- Johnson Johnson, AstraZeneca, Moderna, Pfizer<sup>37</sup>.

The month recorded devastating impact of flood/storm incidents in Osun, Abuja-FCT, Delta, Abia, Yobe, Adamawa, Edo and Jigawa States. The WANEP NEWS recorded 7 deaths and 42 injuries in Delta, Yobe and Edo States. In addition, poor urban planning, inadequate drainage systems, improper waste management as well as depletion of forest further increase the vulnerability of communities to climate-related disasters including, flood and drought. These flood incidences continues to impact significantly on agriculture, livelihoods, infrastructure and environment.<sup>38</sup>

##### 5. GENDER, PEACE AND SECURITY:

WANEP NEWS recorded several cases of sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV), especially rape in the reporting period. Thirteen cases of SGBV were reported in Ebonyi, Cross River, Ogun, Benue, Kaduna, Oyo, Kwara, Osun, Kwara, Lagos and Akwa-Ibom State. The victim in Ebonyi was murdered by the suspects<sup>39</sup>. More so, Civil Society Organisations (CSOs) in Kwara

<sup>36</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>37</sup> [www.ncdc.gov.ng](http://www.ncdc.gov.ng)

<sup>38</sup> <https://dailytrust.com/32-states-fall-within-high-flood-risk-areas-nihsa>

<sup>39</sup> : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

State have raised the alarm over the increase in SGBV in the State, demanding for swift dispensation of justice for victims.

According to the Minister of Women Affairs, Dame Pauline Tallen, despite the domestication of the Child Rights Act (CRA) by some States in the country, the increasing cases of violence against children are reflected in the incessant cases of child abduction, forced trafficking, domestic abuse, rape, child abandonment, child marriage, ritual killings and force labour, amongst other vulnerabilities<sup>40</sup>. Since the passage of the CRA in 2003 by the Nigerian Government, 31 States have domesticated the CRA in a bid to enhance the fight against vices confronting children in the country.<sup>41</sup> Nevertheless, active implementation of the CRA remains a major challenge.

### **Implications for Peace and Security in Nigeria**

The recurrence of armed conflict and violence continues to have a cascading effect on public safety, food security and social cohesion in communities. Amid the increasing security efforts and peacebuilding initiatives to curb criminality, some communities are dissatisfied with the capacity of security infrastructure to defend and protect the people. The illicit flow of Small Arms and Light Weapons (SALW) through local production and porous borders also continues to be a major source of security concern in the country. This has implications for human security and peace negotiations.

Although, Nigeria continues to intensify its efforts in tackling insecurity and associated humanitarian crisis, the underlying socio-economic factors which create the enabling environment for criminality remains prominent. In addition to the volatile security climate, communities in some instance have withdrawn their children from schools. The situation is worsened by the conversion of schools to temporary shelters for displaced persons, further depriving children access to education. According to the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), a total of 11,536 schools have been shut down since December 2020 due to kidnapping and general insecurity<sup>42</sup>. This also has a major impact on girls who already suffer structural inequalities in terms of access to education due to socio-cultural and religious norms in communities.

Recurrent demonstrations have become common features that continues to strain state-citizens relations. The omnibus effect of this manifest in limited access to social services, leading to trust deficit between citizens and the State. Given this, the risk of institutional fragility and waning social cohesion is high, with significant consequences on security of the country.

### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

In view of the human security threats and the analysis highlighted, the following recommendations are proposed for response and mitigation by stakeholders:

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<sup>40</sup> <https://www.blueprint.ng/2022-childrens-day-minister-express-worry-over-increasing-cases-of-violence/>

<sup>41</sup> <https://dailytrust.com/child-rights-act-domesticated-in-31-states-women-affairs-minister>

<sup>42</sup> <https://www.thisdaylive.com/index.php/2022/04/14/unicef-insecurity-forces-fg-to-close-11536-schools/>

- The Federal and State Governments, in collaboration with security agencies should activate and strengthen community policing to support security in local communities.
- The State and Local Governments, in partnership with relevant Ministries and Civil Society Organisations, should increase efforts towards the implementation of the Child Rights' Act (CRA) at all levels to address cases of human rights violations including sexual assaults and child abuse as well as protection of children across the States in the country;
- It is also imperative for the State and Local Governments in partnership with the Nigeria Centre for Disease Control (NCDC) to strengthen collaboration with Civil Society Organisations (CSOs), mass media, traditional and faith-based organisations to increase public health and safety awareness to mitigate the recurring outbreak of epidemics - Measles, Lassa Fever, Monkey Pox.

#### CONCLUSION:

As the nation continues to grapple with varied security challenges, the need for critical stakeholders in peace and security to review and strengthen security to mitigate the impact on human security in the country is imperative. Also, the partnership between the Federal, State Governments and development partners needs to be strengthened to ensure increase public education to mitigate outbreak of epidemics in the country.

#### CENSUS OF INCIDENTS FOR MAY 2022

THEMATIC AREA	NO of Attacks.	VICTIMS	
		DEATHS	INJURIES
<b>VIOLENT EXTREMISM:</b> Boko Haram/ISWAP attacks/ Counter-Terrorist Attacks	19	- 78 civilians/security officials - 124 suspected ISWAP/Boko Haram members	10
<b>ORGANISED CRIME:</b> (Armed-robbery, assassination, armed violence, armed bandits, mob attack, arson and cult/gang clash)	179	463	102
Armed Action/Shoot-out between security operatives and members of criminal gangs	25	103	
Abduction (evident across 24 States)	61	-	-
Cybercrime/Fraud	5	-	-

Extra-Judicial killing/shooting/Accidental Discharge	2	1	3
Physical/Armed Assault	13	1	11
Farmer-Herder Conflict	4	9	1
<b>Violent Clash</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Commercial Motorcycle Riders and Traders in Abuja-FCT</li> <li>• Community youths (Palace and Sheeba Boys) in Lagos State.</li> <li>• Motor Spare Parts dealers Association in Kwara State.</li> <li>• Community youths in Bauchi State</li> <li>• Military and Police Operatives in Adamawa State.</li> </ul>	5	19	4
Drug Trafficking	12	-	-
Homicide	15	14	6
Suicide	2	2	-
<b><u>DEMOCRACY AND GOOD GOVERNANCE:</u></b>			
Demonstration ( <b>peaceful</b> )	55	-	-
Demonstration ( <b>violent</b> )	5	1	3
Election-Related Violence	27	20	60
Intimidation and Threats	11	-	-
Industrial Strike Action	1	-	-
Arrest/Detention	76	-	-
Road Accident	33	94	59
Building Collapse in Lagos and Ebonyi States	4	17	31
Boat Accident in Katsina State	1	18	-
Stampede in Rivers State	1	31	-
<b><u>ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY:</u></b>			
Communal conflict	6	41	-
Rainstorm/Flood	9	7	42
Drowning in Kano, Lagos, Kwara and Abuja-FCT	4	4	-
<b>Pandemic/Epidemics:</b>			<b>Confirmed cases</b>
a. Coronavirus (COVID-19)	1	0	COVID: 347
b. Lassa Fever	1	2	Lassa Fever: 6
c. Monkey Pox	1	0	Monkey Pox: 6
Fire Outbreak	67	29	1
Electrocution/Generator Fume incident	2	6	-

Gas/Chemical Explosion in Kogi and Kano States	2	12	23
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*Through its National Early Warning System (NEWS), the West Africa Network for Peacebuilding (WANEP- Nigeria) develops and disseminates a monthly bulletin on Human Security at the end of each month to inform the different actors and / or partners and formulates recommendations to different decision-makers for targeted responses to the given alerts. This monthly monitoring is based on information gathered from the field by the WANEP-NIGERIA field monitors, and also information gathered from the various national and international media.*

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<b>GENDER, PEACE AND SECURITY:</b>			
Sexual Assault/Rape	13	1	12
Human Trafficking	4	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>666</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>727</b>

