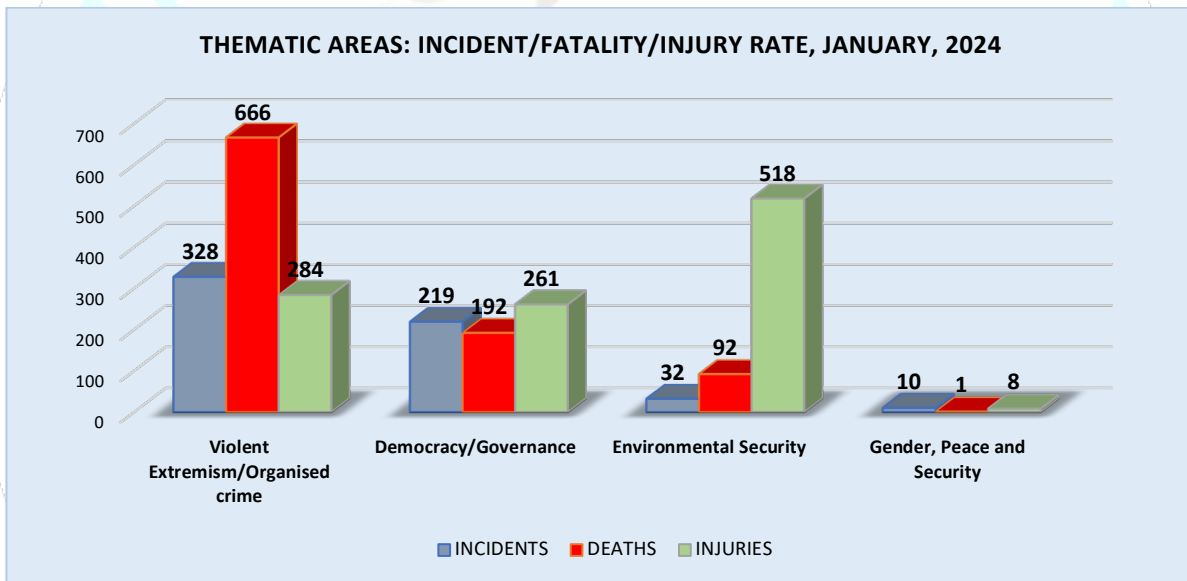


### I. INTRODUCTION

As of January 2024, 589 incidents were recorded in the *Monthly Conflict Census* from the WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS).<sup>1</sup> A cumulative fatality of 951 and 1,071 injuries and infected cases emanating from criminal attacks, road accidents and diseases related incidents were recorded in January 2024.

As shown in the thematic graph below, Violent Extremism and Organised Crime recorded a total fatality of 666, accounting for the highest of the total number of fatalities (951) recorded in the reporting period while Democracy and Governance theme recorded 192 deaths.<sup>2</sup> Also, Environmental Security theme recorded 92 deaths while the Gender, Peace and Security thematic area recorded one fatality in the reporting period.<sup>3</sup> (see annex for the monthly census).



Source: WANEP-NEWS<sup>4</sup>.

The *Monthly Bulletin* presents an analysis of the security challenges identified from monitoring trends of incidents through the WANEP NEWS and the mass media. It also offers recommendations for stakeholders' interventions and mitigation.

### 2. ORGANISED CRIME AND VIOLENT EXTREMISM

The Multinational Joint Task Force (MNJTF) continues to intensify its security clearance operations in the North-East region to mitigate terrorism, particularly in Borno and Yobe States. Despite the recorded successes in enhancing citizens' safety and security, coordinated terrorist

<sup>1</sup> Source: WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

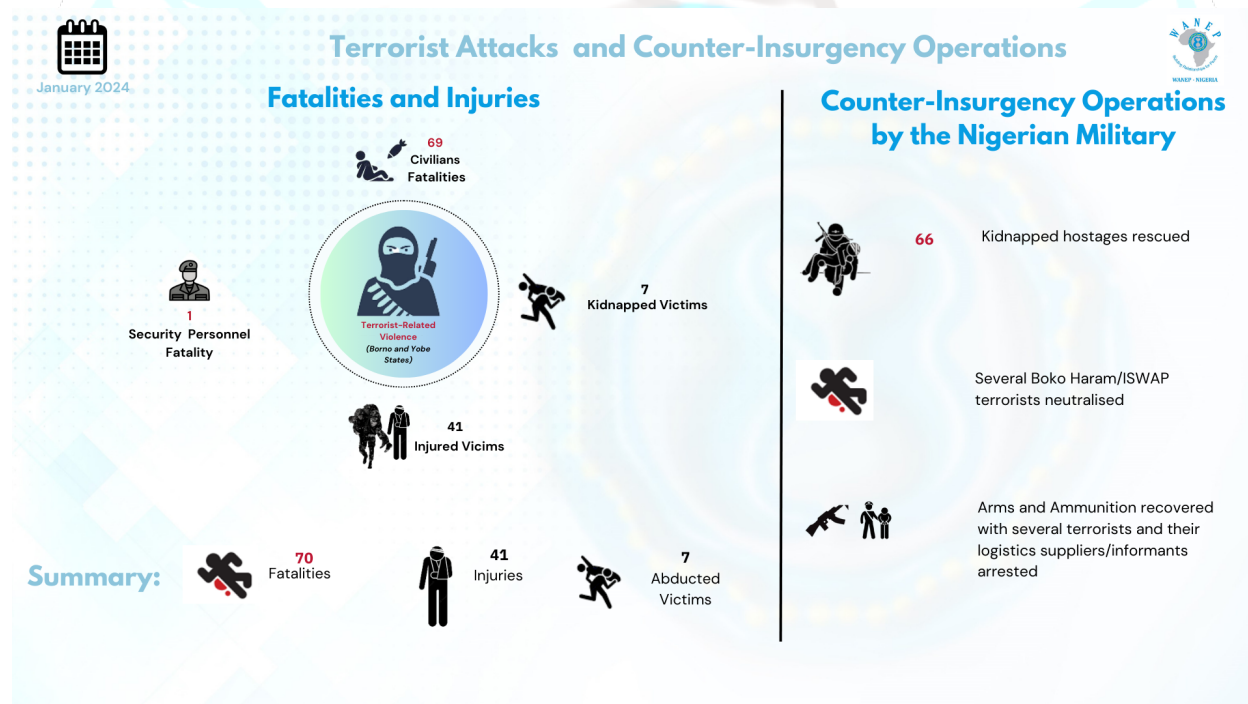
<sup>2</sup> Source: WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>3</sup> Ibid

<sup>4</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

attacks including the use of improvised explosive devices (IEDs) continues to persist, with ripple effects on national peace and security stability.

The WANEP NEWS in the reporting period recorded 22 terrorist related incidents including counter-offensive operations in Chibok, Gwoza, Ngala, Ngazai, Marte, Mafa Local Government Areas (LGAs) in Borno State; and Geidam and Gujba LGAs in Yobe State.<sup>5</sup> A total of 70 fatalities including a military operative and 41 injured victims were recorded in the period.<sup>6</sup> Also, a total of 7 persons were kidnapped with several houses and food items burnt down and looted by terrorists in Borno and Yobe States in the period. The month of January 2024 recorded an increase in civilian and security fatalities (70) compared to December 2023 with 3 fatalities as reported in the NEWS.<sup>7</sup> Farming and fishing communities under the influence of terrorist groups – ISWAP and Boko Haram and subjected to levies, remain vulnerable to constant terrorist threats and attacks. An instance of attack on fishermen was recorded in Borno State on January 11, 2024, where ISWAP terrorists severed the hands of two fishermen over fish theft and refusal to pay levies<sup>8</sup>.



Source: WANEP-NEWS<sup>9</sup>

**Organised Crimes** including kidnapping, arms trafficking, banditry, cult clash, culpable homicide, community-herder violence, and human/drug trafficking, amongst others were also reported in the month. The WANEP NEWS recorded a total of 549 fatalities **excluding fatalities emanating from terrorist related attacks**.<sup>10</sup> Out of the 550 recorded fatalities, 62 females, 43

<sup>5</sup> Source: WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>6</sup> ibid

<sup>7</sup> Ibid.

<sup>8</sup> <https://dailypost.ng/2024/01/11/iswap-militants-chop-off-fishermens-hands-in-controversial-theft-charges/>

<sup>9</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>10</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

children and 13 security personnel<sup>11</sup>. Also, out of the recorded 549 deaths, 161 were members of criminals gangs neutralized by security operatives in Delta, Katsina, Zamfara, Benue, Imo, Abuja-FCT, Anambra, Rivers, Kwara, Taraba, Kaduna, Adamawa, Ogun, Kebbi, Sokoto, and Plateau States.<sup>12</sup> **Armed violence by suspected ethnic militias/herders and violent clashes between herders and communities** resulted in the highest fatality of 156 in Benue, Plateau, Jigawa, Oyo and Kogi states. Out of the 156 recorded deaths, Plateau State recorded the highest fatality of 102 people.<sup>13</sup> Further assessments of the conflict situation in Plateau State revealed that an estimated 114 houses, 202 shops, 9 mosques and 15 churches were burnt down and damaged respectively in Mangu LGA of the State.<sup>14</sup> The frequency of armed attacks on rural communities in the Plateau state has generated widespread concerns among the public about their safety and security in communities within the state. More over, affected communities have allegedly linked the sustained violent attacks to the quest for land grabbing and ethnic cleansing, amongst other factors. Between December 23 and 31, 2023, for example, armed violence by suspected ethnic militias in Plateau state accounted for 207 fatalities with over 10,000 people internally displaced (see WANEP's Situation Tracking Report On Armed Attacks In Plateau State).<sup>15</sup>

**Armed banditry** recorded the second highest fatality of 96 people in Kebbi, Niger, Kaduna, Zamfara, Taraba, and Katsina States<sup>16</sup>. Bandits continue to impose levies on farmers with restrictions on free movement of goods and persons. **Other armed violence incidents including robbery and assassination** accounted for the third highest fatality of 78 people including 6 police operatives. Also, **cult/gang violence** and **culpable homicide** resulted in the death 16 and 14 people respectively while **mob violence and extrajudicial killing** led to 2 and 1 deaths respectively.

The WANEP NEWS in the reporting month also recorded 17 fatalities and several property destruction arising from kingship tussle and land ownership in Ogun, Kogi, Edo, Rivers, Delta, Osun and Niger States.<sup>17</sup> Below is the graphical representation of armed violence incidents and fatalities as documented by WANEP NEWS in January 2024.

<sup>11</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>12</sup> ibid

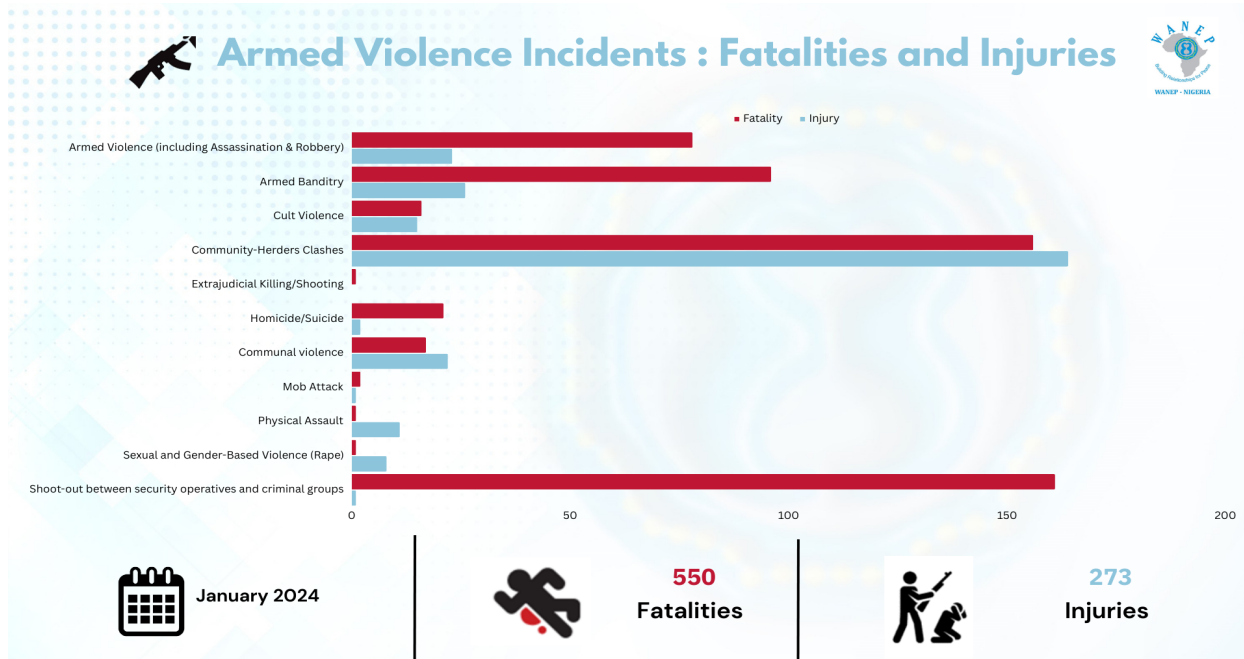
<sup>13</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>14</sup> <https://leadership.ng/91-persons-killed-158-injured-114-houses-raised-in-mangu/#:~:text=National%20president%20of%20the%20Mwaghavul,government%20area%20of%20Plateau%20State.>

<sup>15</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/); <https://punchng.com/plateau-killings-dont-allow-nigeria-become-ungovernable-under-you-can-tells-tinubu/>; <https://wanepnigeria.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/12/Armed-Violence-in-PLATEAU-STATE-1.pdf>

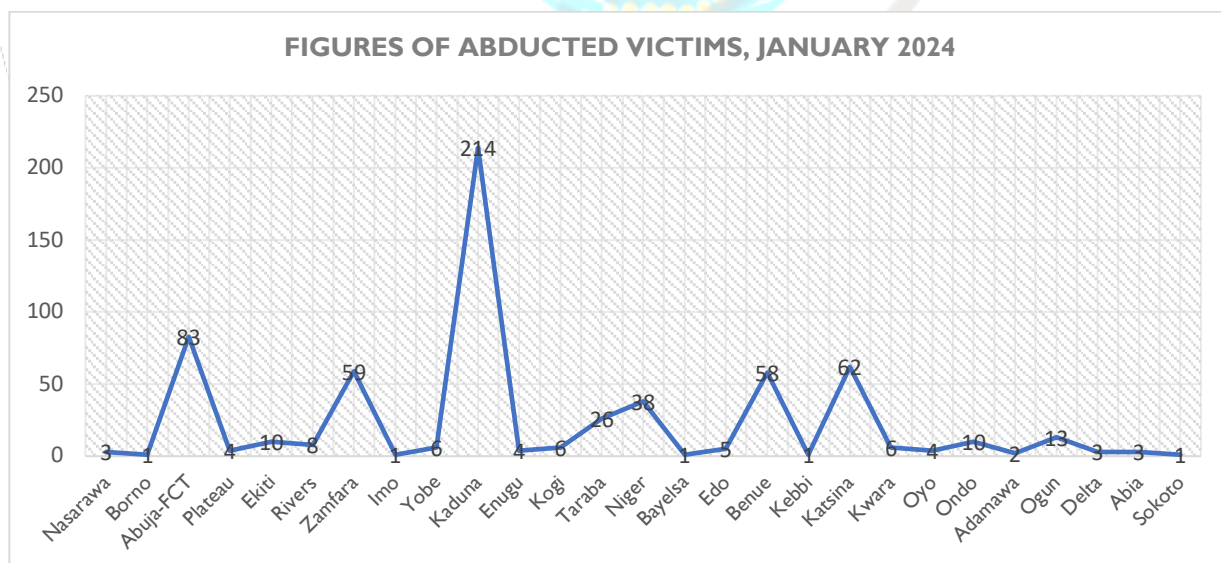
<sup>16</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>17</sup> <https://dailypost.ng/2023/12/18/police-react-as-vigilante-group-fulani-clash-in-abuja/#:~:text=DAILY%20POST%20learn%20that%20the,sustained%20various%20degrees%20of%20injuries.>; <https://leadership.ng/dss-nscdc-officials-clash-at-edo-hospital/>



Source: WANEP-NEWS<sup>18</sup>

In addition, 81 incidents of kidnapping perpetrated by criminal gangs including armed bandits were recorded across 27 states in the month of January 2024, as indicated on the graphical analysis below. The reporting month accounted for a total of 632 kidnapped victims, out of which 96 were females, 72 children and 3 police operatives.<sup>19</sup>



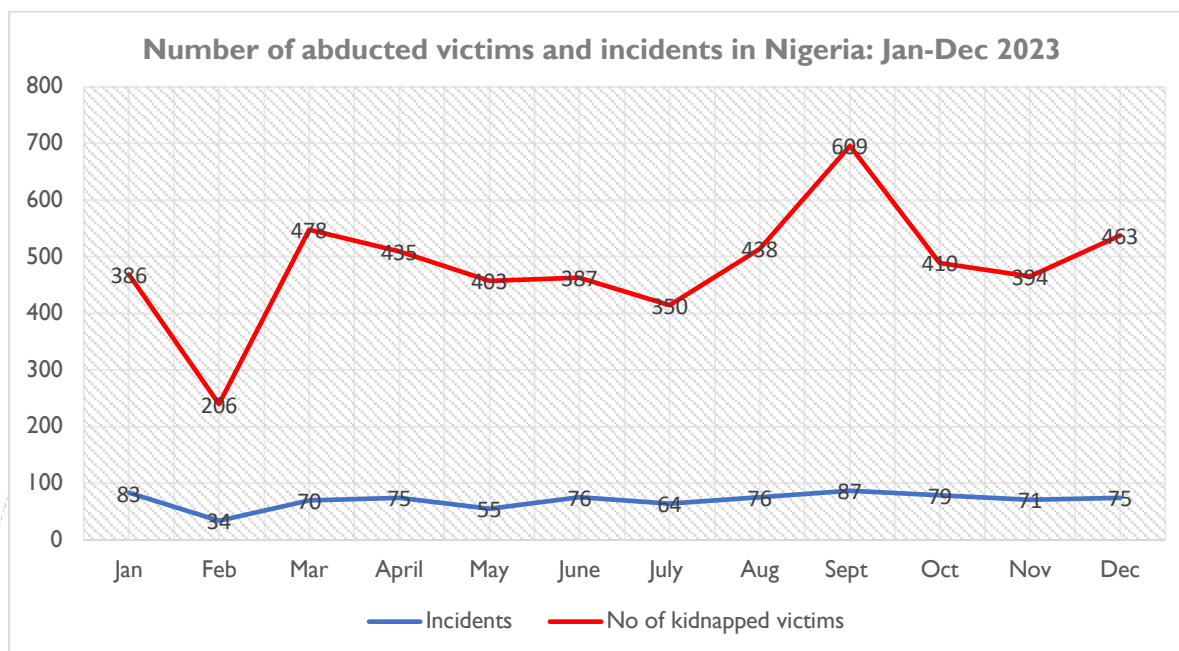
Source: WANEP-NEWS<sup>20</sup>

<sup>18</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>19</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>20</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

Likewise, the WANEP NEWS recorded a total of 845 incidents of kidnapping between January and December 2023, which resulted in 4,959 kidnapped victims. Out of the 4,959 victims, 726 were females, 324 children and 14 security officers.<sup>21</sup> The graph below further illustrates the statistics of kidnapped victims per month in 2023.



Source: WANEP-NEWS<sup>22</sup>

The WANEP NEWS further recorded over 107 incidents of arrests related to terrorism, armed banditry, fraud, armed robbery, arms trafficking, fraud/cyber crime, Sexual and Gender Based Violence (SGBV), armed violence, human/drug trafficking, and arms smuggling, amongst other crimes and social vices recorded in January 2024.<sup>23</sup>

The proliferation of light weapons and the illicit arms trafficking continues to fuel insecurity in Nigeria. The illicit flow of weapons has continued to generate discussions around the review of the Firearms Control Act in compliance with global best practices. According to the Kaduna State Governor, Senator Uba Sani, about 200 million firearms are in circulation in Nigeria, thus calling for an amendment of the Firearms Control Act (1959).<sup>24</sup> In January 2024, several arms and ammunition were intercepted across 22 States of the country. The bi-weekly situation update on the statistics of violent incidents and fatalities in Nigeria as documented by WANEP NEWS further highlights the affected states with incidents of arms and ammunition recovery.<sup>25</sup>

<sup>21</sup> Ibid.

<sup>22</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>23</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>24</sup> <https://dailytrust.com/200m-illegal-arms-in-circulation-in-nigeria-gov-sani/>

<sup>25</sup> <https://wanepnigeria.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/01/SITUATION-UPDATE-JANUARY-1-15-1.pdf>; <https://wanepnigeria.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/02/SITUATION-UPDATE-JANUARY-16-31.pdf>



### 3. DEMOCRACY AND GOVERNANCE:

As the nation continues to sustain collaboration in enhancing security management, the impact of the current inflation rate on the cost of good and services has worsened economic hardship facing populations. This continues to generate citizens demonstrations and strikes by organized labour unions and other social and political groups in the country. To assuage the impact on the populace, the Federal Government has rolled out several measures including the release of tonnes of assorted grains to ensure food availability and affordability by Nigerians, in response to the rising food insecurity in the country.<sup>26</sup>

The medical workforce have expressed concerns over the poor state of healthcare services and low incentives for health workers in the country. These pitfalls have contributed to aggravating the brain drain within the health sector, further hampering adequate healthcare delivery and also resulting in the burnout of available healthworkers. Statistics from the World Health Organisation (WHO) indicates that Nigeria currently has a shortage of medical doctors with a physician-to-patient ratio of four doctors-to-10,000 patients (4:10,000)<sup>27</sup>, a significant contrast from the global recommendation of one doctor-to-600 patients (1:600)<sup>28</sup>.

The WANEP NEWS recorded 21 incidents of public demonstrations in Ogun, Kogi, Imo, Abuja-FCT, Lagos, Ondo, Kaduna, Plateau, Adamawa, Plateau, and Nasarawa States. Out of the 21 public demonstrations, three (3) degenerated into violence in Plateau and Nasarawa States. In Nasarawa State, a female resident was hit by stray bullets fired by police operatives in attempts to disperse protesters demonstrating against the Supreme Court's judgement which affirmed the election of Governor Abdullahi Sule of the All Progressive Congress (APC).<sup>29</sup> Also, in Plateau State, community residents of Bokkos burnt down and destroyed properties belonging to the traditional and district heads following the recurring attacks by suspected ethnic militia gang.<sup>30</sup>

Other recorded peaceful demonstrations in the month include; demonstrations in Kogi and Abuja-FCT over epileptic power supply and deplorable conditions of Kutunku market; community protest over the forceful takeover of an ancestral land by the Imo State Government.<sup>31</sup> In addition, the over 100 per cent increase in tuition and rent by the Federal University of Technology Akure (FUTA) and the Adamawa State Polytechnic further triggered demonstrations from students and residents of staff quarters<sup>32</sup>; while the recurring security threats in Kaduna state led to series of demonstrations. Also, the Nigerian Union of Pensioners (NUP) protested against the non-inclusion of pensioners' union in the minimum wage committee approved by President Bola Ahmed Tinubu<sup>33</sup>.

Inadequate compliance to policies and procedures in relation to maritime safety regulations has been a major cause to incessant boat mishaps in Nigeria. These compliance challenges have

<sup>26</sup> <https://businessday.ng/news/article/fg-to-distribute-42000-metric-tonnes-of-grains/>

<sup>27</sup> <https://punchng.com/1417-doctors-moved-to-uk-us-in-2023-says-nard/>

<sup>28</sup> [https://www.dataphyte.com/latest-reports/health/as-doctors-emigrate-nigerians-are-left-with-four-doctors-to-every-10000-patients#:~:text=The%20World%20Health%20Organisation%20\(WHO\)%20puts%20the%20doctor%3Apatient,falls%20below%20the%20global%20recommendation.](https://www.dataphyte.com/latest-reports/health/as-doctors-emigrate-nigerians-are-left-with-four-doctors-to-every-10000-patients#:~:text=The%20World%20Health%20Organisation%20(WHO)%20puts%20the%20doctor%3Apatient,falls%20below%20the%20global%20recommendation.)

<sup>29</sup> <https://dailypost.ng/2024/01/19/supreme-court-judgement-court-remands-30-protesting-women-in-nasarawa/>

<sup>30</sup> <https://punchng.com/just-in-protesting-plateau-women-burn-down-traditional-rulers-house/>

<sup>31</sup> <https://www.vanguardngr.com/2024/01/leave-our-land-for-us-imo-women-protest-to-state-govt-2/>

<sup>32</sup> <https://dailypost.ng/2024/01/28/residents-of-adamawa-poly-staff-quarters-protest-hike-in-rent/>

<sup>33</sup> <https://dailytrust.com/pensioners-protest-exclusion-in-minimum-wage-committee/>

also been reflected in the recurrence of landslides and mine collapse following illegal excavation of mineral resources. The WANEP NEWS recorded 3 incidents of boat mishaps resulting in the death of 36 people in Anambra, Rivers and Niger States<sup>34</sup>, while illegal mining activities in Nasarawa and Bauchi States accounted for 7 deaths including 4 females. Also, road accidents led to the death of 135 with 109 others injured in the period.<sup>35</sup>

In addition to the social security threats highlighted above, the WANEP NEWS recorded 4 incidents of explosion at residential areas and dumpsites. In Abuja-FCT, Borno and Kaduna States, metals gathered by scavengers and children exploded resulting in 7 fatalities and 12 injured victims.<sup>36</sup> Also, explosive devices stored by illegal miners at a residential area detonated resulting in the death 5 people, 77 other injured and 58 houses and properties destroyed in Oyo state.<sup>37</sup>

#### **4. ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY:**

The period recorded recurring cases of Cholera and Lassa Fever epidemics in Bayelsa, Cross River, Nasarawa, Ondo, Edo, Bauchi, Benue, Taraba, Ebonyi, Enugu, Imo, Plateau, Niger, Anambra, Gombe, Kaduna, Kogi, Adamawa, Rivers and Abuja-FCT. Cholera disease accounted for 169 suspected cases and 2 deaths in Bayelsa and Cross River States<sup>38</sup>, while Lassa Fever resulted in 1,668 suspected cases, 328 confirmed and 63 deaths across 67 Local Government Areas (LGAs) in 20 States in the reporting month.<sup>39</sup> Poor environmental sanitation conditions, active case finding and contact tracing of suspected cases continues to exacerbate the spread of communicable diseases in the country. To reduce the epidemic threats, public and private health sectors have accelerated research into the development of Lassa Fever vaccine in Nigeria.

#### **5. GENDER, PEACE AND SECURITY:**

The WANEP NEWS recorded incidents of Sexual and Gender-Based Violence (SGBV), especially rape of minors in Adamawa, Lagos, Osun, Anambra, Ondo and Abia States the month.<sup>40</sup> Out of the recorded incidents, a 55 year-old female was raped to death in Ondo State.<sup>41</sup> In addition to the GBV cases in the month, the National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) in its analysis of human rights violations in the country, stated that the North-West region recorded the highest number of domestic violence, which includes, wife battery, rape, child abandonment and assault in January 2024.<sup>42</sup> More so, Civil Society Organisations (CSOs) have raised concerns over the increasing incidents of SGBV in Kano State.<sup>43</sup> The absence of appropriate laws to protect the rights of women and girls have been attributed as one of the major factors for the SGBV menace. Currently, Kano and Zamfara States are yet to domesticate the Violence Against Persons Prohibition law (VAPP, 2015). In addition, the WANEP NEWS recorded 3 cases of

<sup>34</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>35</sup> Ibid.

<sup>36</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>37</sup> <https://punchng.com/oyo-to-prosecute-three-held-over-ibadan-explosion/>

<sup>38</sup> <https://ncdc.gov.ng/themes/common/files/sitreps/967226c54d8d12cd5a236a8476343303.pdf>

<sup>39</sup> [www.ncdc.gov.ng](http://www.ncdc.gov.ng)

<sup>40</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>41</sup> Ibid.

<sup>42</sup> <https://thenigerialawyer.com/abuja-accounts-for-over-300-of-1147-rights-abuse-complaints-in-january-nhrc/>

<sup>43</sup> <https://www.vanguardngr.com/2023/03/sgbv-baoba-join-calls-for-speedy-passage-of-vapp-act-in-kano/>

human trafficking in Gombe, Kano and Anambra States.<sup>44</sup> To intensify collaborative efforts between the state government and key stakeholders on the rescue, reform, and referral of human trafficking victims, the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) and the National Agency for the Prohibition of Trafficking in Persons (NAPTIP) unveiled the Countering Human Trafficking office in Lagos state in the reporting month<sup>45</sup>.

### **Implications for Peace and Security in Nigeria**

The projection of food insecurity in Nigeria is about 26.5 million people in 2024 emanating from the rising inflation, recurrent armed violence and climate change, amongst others.<sup>46</sup> This continues to impact negatively on human security situation in the country. The projection indicated a sharp rise from the 18.6 million people vulnerable to food insecurity from October to December 2023 in Nigeria.<sup>47</sup> Likewise, the increasing inflation contributes to the rising poverty rate in the country, with an estimated 104 million people (46 percent) below the national poverty line in 2023 compared to the 2018 statistics with 79 million (40 percent).<sup>48</sup> A further breakdown of the statistics revealed that poor people in urban areas accounted for 20 million, while those in rural areas were 84 million.<sup>49</sup> The increasing poverty rate constitutes a significant security threat in the country and heightens the vulnerability of citizens to seek other illicit alternatives to sustain their livelihoods.

The prevailing security situation as discussed earlier highlights the gaps, pitfalls and challenges in the national and state peace and security architectures. Moreover, the frequency of armed violence incidents is also indicative of the existing mutual suspicion amongst ethnic and religious groups in the country that has overtime strained inter-group relations and social cohesion. Aside the attendant humanitarian concerns and food insecurity, the disruption and closure of schools and health centres in conflict affected localities contributes to the increasing number of out-of-school children and heightens communities vulnerability to health risks, criminal recruitment, sexual exploitations of women and children amongst other human rights violations.

Amid collaborative interventions of the Nigeria Centre for Disease Control and Prevention (NCDC) and the World Health Organisation (WHO) to improve response to epidemic outbreaks in Nigeria, inadequate awareness of the risk factors and preventive strategies particularly in rural communities has been attributed to the recurring disease outbreaks and spread.

### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

In view of the human security threats and the analysis highlighted, the following recommendations are proposed for response and mitigation by stakeholders:

<sup>44</sup> Source : WANEP National Early Warning System (NEWS) : [www.wanep.org/news/](http://www.wanep.org/news/)

<sup>45</sup> [https://www.unodc.org/nigeria/en/united-front-against-human-trafficking\\_-unveiling-of-the-countering-human-trafficking-office-in-lagos-state.html](https://www.unodc.org/nigeria/en/united-front-against-human-trafficking_-unveiling-of-the-countering-human-trafficking-office-in-lagos-state.html)

<sup>46</sup> <https://reliefweb.int/report/nigeria/265-million-nigerians-projected-be-food-insecure-2024>

<sup>47</sup> <https://reliefweb.int/report/nigeria/265-million-nigerians-projected-be-food-insecure-2024#:~:text=Of%20the%2018.6%20million%20people,immediate%20action%20is%20not%20taken.>

<sup>48</sup> <https://www.thecable.ng/world-bank-number-of-poor-nigerians-increased-by-24m-between-2018-and-2023> ; <https://www.vanguardngr.com/2023/12/nigerians-under-poverty-line-rise-to-104m-world-bank/>

<sup>49</sup> Ibid.



- The State and Local Governments should continuously review its dialogue and mediation processes through existing local peacebuilding structures to engage traditional authorities, religious groups, women and youth groups to resolve conflict and foster social cohesion. The dialogue and mediation processes should necessarily create a space for CSOs participation to enhance synergy and sustainability.
- The Nigeria Centre for Disease Control and Prevention (NCDC), National Primary Health Care Development Agency (NPHCDA) and the Federal/State Ministry of Health should enhance its risk communication strategies including re-trainings for community health workers particularly in rural areas on the prevention and early detection of recorded epidemics including emphasis on personal and environmental hygiene for collective community safety.
- The State and Local Governments, in partnership with Civil Society Organisations (CSOs), traditional/religious leaders and the media should increase efforts towards the effective implementation of the Child Rights' Act (CRA) and the Violence Against Persons Prohibition (VAPP) law at all levels to address cases of SGBV, as well as ensure protection of women and children across states in the country.

#### CONCLUSION:

Citizens have consistently raised concerns around the geographical spread and multiplicity of rising security threats in the country. To mitigate the increasing levels of organized crime as well as improve the social welfare of citizens, there are renewed interests by the Federal and State Governments to effectively deliver their mandate on enhancing the safety, security and living conditions of the populace. Also, the partnership between the Federal, State Governments and development partners should be strengthened to ensure increased public education on recurring epidemics, particularly Lassa Fever in the country.

#### CENSUS OF INCIDENTS FOR JANUARY 2024

THEMATIC AREA	NO of Attacks.	VICTIMS	
		DEATHS	INJURIES
<b>VIOLENT EXTREMISM:</b> Boko Haram/ISWAP attacks/Inter-terrorist clash  - Counter-Terrorist Attacks	22	- 70 (including 1 military operative)  - 64 Boko Haram terrorists	41  -
<b>ORGANISED CRIME:</b> (Armed-robbery, assassination, armed violence, armed bandits, mob attack, arson and cult/gang clash).	106	192	65
Armed Action/Shoot-out between security operatives and members of criminal gangs.	36	161	1
Abduction (evident across 27 States)	81	-	-

Cybercrime/Fraud	6	-	-
Extrajudicial killing	1	1	-
Physical/Armed Assault	7	1	11
Herder-Community Conflict	20	156	164
Illicit Drug Trafficking	27	-	-
Homicide	15	14	2
Suicide	7	7	-
<b><u>DEMOCRACY AND GOOD GOVERNANCE:</u></b>			
Demonstration (peaceful)	18	-	-
Demonstration (violent)	3	-	1
Strike	1	-	-
Intimidation and Threats	5	-	-
Arrest/Detention	107	-	-
Road Accident	43	135	109
Electrocution	3	3	-
Boat Mishap	3	36	54 (rescued)
Explosion incidents/Pipeline Vandalism: Oyo, Kaduna, Abuja-FCT, Borno, Imo and Rivers States	6	12	89
Inter-political party clash between NNPP and APC in Kano State	1	-	2
Fire Outbreak/Gas Explosion	29	9	6
<b><u>ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY:</u></b>			
Communal conflict	7	17	20
<b><u>Pandemic/Epidemics:</u></b>			<b><u>Confirmed/Infected Cases</u></b>
a. Lassa Fever	20	63	Lassa Fever: 328
b. Cholera	2	2	Cholera: 169
Rainstorm	1	-	-
Landslide	2	7	1
<b><u>GENDER, PEACE AND SECURITY:</u></b>			
SGBV: Sexual Assault/Rape	7	1	8
Human Trafficking	3	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>589</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>1,071</b>

